

### LGGB 2

Last changed: 13/12/2010 Replaces date: 01/11/2007

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

**TRADE NAME** LGGB 2 **APPLICATION AREA** Fat.

### **NATIONAL MANUFACTURER/IMPORTER**

**Enterprise** SKF Maintenance Products

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### **CONTACT PERSONS**

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### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **HEALTH**

May be irritating to eyes.

Prolonged or frequently recurrent contact will degrease the skin and may cause skin irritation.

#### **FIRE AND EXPLOSION**

Not flammable, but combustible.

#### **ENVIRONMENT**

Forms an oil film on water surfaces that may harm aquatic organisms and may disturb the transport of oxygen at the air-water interface.

# 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient name	Reg.No	EC No.	CAS No.	Conc. (wt%)	Classification		
ester compounds		-	-	30 - 60 %	No classification required		
Explanation of symbols: T+=highly toxic, T=toxic, C=corrosive, Xn=harmful, Xi=irritant E=Explosive, O=Oxidising, F+=Extremely							
flammable, F=Highly flammable, N=Dangerous for the environment, Cancer=Carcinogenic, Mut=Mutagenic, Rep=Toxic for							
reproduction, Conc.=Concentration							

### **INGREDIENT COMMENTS**

Confidential product information available.

### **4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

## INHALATION

Provide rest, warmth and fresh air. Seek medical advice if symptoms develop.

### SKIN CONTACT

Wash with soap and water and apply skin cream, if necessary. Seek medical advice if irritation persists.

### **EYE CONTACT**

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water while holding eye lids open.Remove any contact lenses and continue rinsing with water for at least 15 minutes (keep the eyelids open).Seek medical advice if irritation persists.

### INGESTION

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING! If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach contents do no enter lungs. Thoroughly rinse the mouth with water. Drink a few glasses of water or milk. Seek medical advice.



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### **5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

Extinguishing agent: carbon dioxide, powder, alcohol-resistant foam, water spray or water mist.

### **IMPROPER EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

Do not use a direct water stream which may spread the fire.

#### **EXTINGUISHING METHODS**

Remove containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water to cool exposed containers. If possible, fight the fire from a protected location.

#### **FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS**

Not flammable, but combustible. Carbon monoxide and hydrocarbons are released in a fire situation.

### PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE FIGHTERS

General: Evacuate all personnel, use protective equipment for fire fighting. Use a portable breathing apparatus when the product is involved in a fire.

#### **6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS

Provide good ventilation. Avoid contact with the skin, eyes and airways. Wear necessary protective equipment. Keep the emission away from sources of ignition.

### SAFETY ACTIONS TO PROTECT EXTERNAL ENVIRONMENT

Must not be released into the sewage system, drinking water supply or ground.

# **METHODS FOR CLEANING UP**

Stop leak if this can be done without risk.Dry, scrape or absorb the product with inert material and place it in a refuse container.Collect and dispose of materials in closed and labelled containers at an approved disposal or waste collection facility.Clean with soap and water or detergent.Flush clean with plenty of water. Be aware of the risk of slippery surfaces.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### HANDLING ADVICE

Provide good ventilation. Avoid contact with the skin and eyes. Wear necessary protective equipment. Keep away from sources of ignition.

### STORAGE

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep containers tightly closed. Avoid contact with oxidising substances.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **EXPOSURE CONTROL**

Provide good ventilation. Wash the skin at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using restroom facilities. Eye wash facilities and safety shower must be available when handling this product.

### RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protective equipment is usually not necessary. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear respiratory protective equipment with A/P2 filter.

### **EYE PROTECTION**

Wear approved safety goggles if there is a risk of eye splash.

### HAND PROTECTION

Protective gloves (neoprene rubber, nitrile rubber, Viton).



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# PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

Wear suitable protective clothing.

### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE Paste.

COLOUR Tan.

ODOUR Characteristic.
WATER SOLUBILITY Insoluble in water.

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Physical and chemical parameters							
Parameter	Value/unit	Method/reference	Observation				
Density	0.88 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	DIN 51 757 / 25 °C					

### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### **STABILITY**

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions.

### **CONDITIONS TO AVOID**

Avoid heat, sparks and naked flames.

### **MATERIALS TO AVOID**

Avoid contact with oxidising substances.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### **INHALATION**

On warming/heating, the vapours emitted may cause irritation to the respiratory organs. May cause coughing and breathing difficulties.

# **SKIN CONTACT**

Prolonged or frequently recurrent contact will degrease the skin and may cause skin irritation.

### **EYE CONTACT**

May cause moderate irritation/smarting.

### **INGESTION**

May cause irritation of the mucous membranes, nausea and vomiting.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### MOBILITY

Insoluble in water. The product floats on water.

### **DEGRADABILITY**

Readily biodegradable.

### **ACCUMULATION**

Bioaccumulation improbable.

### **OTHER EFFECTS**

Forms an oil film on water surfaces that may harm aquatic organisms and may disturb the transport of oxygen at the air-water interface.



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### **CONCLUSION**

Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation improbable.

Prevent discharge to the sewage system, waterways or lakes.

### **OTHER INFORMATION**

German water pollution classification (WGK): 1 Water pollutant.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### **GENERAL REGULATIONS**

Treat as hazardous waste. Collect and dispose of materials in closed and labelled containers at an approved disposal or waste collection facility. Empty packages must be handled in an environmentally safe manner in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.

### **CATEGORY OF WASTE**

The EWC code is a suggestion only; the end user will select a suitable EWC code.12 01 12\* spent waxes and fats

Watse product number: 7021 Oily and greasy waste.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Classified as Dangerous Goods: No

### 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EC-Label: No

### COMPOSITION

ester compounds (30 - 60 %)

### **S-PHRASES**

S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Not translated to English

### **REFERENCES**

Directive 1999/45/EC.

Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on Classification, Labelling and Packaging of Dangerous Substances.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

European Waste Catalogue.

Transport of dangerous goods: ADR, RID, IMDG and IATA.Occupational exposure limits (EH40/2005 ).

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

**ISSUED:** 13/03/2006